

Present Weather and Visibility Sensors PWD10, PWD12, PWD20, and PWD22



Features

All models:

- Accurate and traceable measurement of prevailing visibility
- Compact and lightweight
- Easy to install

Additionally PWD12 and PWD22 models:

- Indicate the cause of reduced visibility
- Identify precipitation type
- Measure the intensity and accumulation of precipitation
- Estimate snow accumulation

Vaisala PWD series of present weather detectors and visibility sensors provide you off-the-shelf accuracy and reliability. They are a sensor family that grows with your needs.

Thousands of Vaisala present weather and visibility sensors are installed around the world, working reliably and accurately in diverse applications and climates. In Vaisala PWD series, you find the mix you require of visibility measurement range (MOR), characterization of reduced visibility, precipitation type identification, precipitation accumulation/intensity measurement, and report formats (WMO, NWS code tables).

Proven Measurement Principles for Present Weather

PWD12 and PWD22 identify precipitation type by accurately estimating the water content of precipitation with a capacitive device (Vaisala RAINCAP[®] sensor element) and combining this information with optical forward scatter and temperature measurements. These three independent measurements are processed through sophisticated algorithms in order to produce an accurate evaluation of the weather type according to the WMO and NWS code tables.

Accurate Visibility Measurement

Calibrated with reference to a highly accurate transmissometer, Vaisala PWD series sensors use the proven forwardscatter measurement principle to measure meteorological optical range (MOR). The visibility sensor is wellprotected against contamination: the optical components point downwards and hoods protect the lenses against precipitation, spray, and dust. This weather-proof design of PWD sensors provides accurate measurement results and reduces the need for maintenance. The optional hood heaters are recommended for wintry conditions to prevent ice and snow accumulation.

Easy Installation

PWD sensors are less than one meter long. All are compact, light-weight, come with a cable and connector for easy installation, and can be mounted in many ways on any existing mast.

PWD Sensor Applications



Vaisala Present Weather Detector PWD22

Economical Visibility Measurement for Road Weather Applications

With a measurement range of 10 ... 2000 meters, PWD10 offers economical and reliable visibility measurement for road weather applications. PWD10 is recommended for road weather systems that alert drivers to e.g. reduced visibility.



PWD12 is ideal for road weather applications.

For Sophisticated Road Weather Applications

PWD12 provides accurate visibility and present weather measurement in the road environment, where low visibility is a serious safety hazard and significantly reduces traffic flow rates. With a visibility measurement range of 10 ... 2000 meters, Vaisala Present Weather Detector PWD12 is ideal for road weather applications. PWD12 also indicates the cause of reduced visibility to give you a full picture of weather conditions. Its ability to detect precipitation and identify precipitation type gives the road authority valuable information for the short-range planning of road maintenance operations.

Wherever Visibility Measurement Is Needed

With a measurement range of 10 ... 20 000 meters, PWD20 offers longrange visibility measurement for diverse applications covering harbors, coastal areas, heliports, windmill parks – indeed, any locations or areas where visibility measurement is necessary.



PWD sensors can be used in planning road maintenance.

For Meteorological and Aviation Applications

With a visibility measurement range of 10 ... 20 000 meters, PWD22 is a two-inone forward scatter visibility and present weather sensor. PWD22 is recommended for automatic weather stations, especially low-power ones that are used for general meteorological and aviation applications.

PWD22's ability to detect freezing precipitation makes it possible to issue warnings when the weather presents safety hazards for road and air traffic. PWD22 is equipped with two Vaisala RAINCAP® sensor elements to improve detection sensitivity during light precipitation events – even light drizzle is detected. PWD22 also reports present weather in WMO METAR code format so it is easily integrated with AWOS systems.



PWD22 is recommended for automatic weather observation systems (AWOS).

Technical Data

Visibility Measurement Performance

Operating principle	Forward scatter measurement
Observation range of MOR (meteorolo	gical optical range)
PWD10	10 2000 m (32 6500 ft)
PWD12	10 2000 m (32 6500 ft)
PWD20	10 20 000 m (32 65 600 ft)
PWD22	10 20 000 m (32 65 600 ft)
Accuracy	
PWD10	±10 % at 10 10 000 m (32 32 800 ft) ±15 % at 10 20 km (2.6 12 mi)
PWD12	±10 % at 10 2000 m (32 6500 ft)
PWD20	±10 % at 10 10 000 m (32 32 800 ft) ±15 % at 10 20 km (2.6 12 mi)
PWD22	±10 % at 10 10 000 m (32 32 800 ft) ±15 % at 10 20 km (2.6 12 mi)

Weather Measurement Performance

Weather type identification (PWD12)	4 different types of precipitation (rain, drizzle, mixed rain/snow, snow) Precipitation (unknown type) Fog (mist), haze (smoke, sand) or clear
Weather type identification (PWD22)	7 different types of precipitation (rain, freezing rain, drizzle, freezing drizzle, mixed rain/snow, snow, ice pellets) Precipitation (unknown type) Fog (mist), haze (smoke, sand) or clear
Weather type reporting (PWD12)	WMO 4680 (SYNOP) and NWS code tables; 39 different codes supported from WMO 4680 code table
Weather type reporting (PWD22)	WMO 4680 (SYNOP), 4678 (METAR) and NWS code tables; 49 different codes supported from WMO 4680 code table
Precipitation detection sensitivity	0.05 mm/h (0.0020 in/h) or less, within 10 minutes
Precipitation intensity measurement	0.00 999.99 mm/h (0.00 39.37 in/h)
Precipitation amount measurement	0.00 99.99 mm (0.00 3.94 in)
Amount of new snow	0.00 999 mm (0.00 39.33 in)

Inputs and Outputs

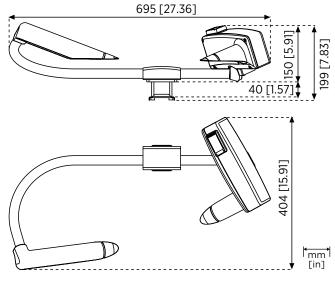
Power supply	12 50 VDC (electronics) 24 VAC or 24 VDC for heater option
Maximum power consumption	PWD10/20: 3 W (electronics with dew heater at 12 VDC) PWD12/22: 6 W With optional luminance sensor: 2 W, 24 V With optional hood heaters: 65 W, 24 V
Outputs	Serial data line may be used either as RS-232 or RS-485 (2-wire) level signals 3 relay controls (open collector) Analog output current: 0 1 mA or 4 20 mA 8-m power/data cable standard. The PWD end is equipped with connector.
Auxiliary data	Low visibility alarms in the data messages. 3 adjustable alarm limits to set the 3 relay controls. Hardware status (fail/warning) in the data messages. Third relay control output can also be driven by hardware status.

Operating Environment

Operating temperature	PWD10: -40 +60 °C (-40 +140 °F) PWD12: -40 +55 °C (-40 +131 °F) PWD20: -40 +60 °C (-40 +140 °F) PWD22: -40 +60 °C (-40 +140 °F)
Operating humidity	0 100 %RH
IP rating	IP66

Mechanical Specifications

Weight	3 kg (6.61 lb)
Dimensions (H × W × D)	
PWD12/22	167 × 695 × 404 mm
	(6.6 × 27.4 × 15.9 in)



PWD10, PWD12, and PWD20

Compliance

EMC Compliance

Radiated emissions	CISPR 16-1 CISPR 16-2
Radiated susceptibility	IEC 61000-4-3, 10 V/m
Conducted emissions	CISPR 16-1 CISPR 16-2
Conducted susceptibility	IEC 61000-4-6
EFT immunity	IEC 61000-4-4
ESD immunity	IEC 61000-4-2
Surge	IEC 61000-4-5

Spare Parts and Accessories

Pole mast
Interface unit with power supplies: 115/230 VAC
Luminance sensor PWL111
Hood heaters for harsh winter conditions
Support arm for mast installations
Pole clamp kit for mast top installations
Calibration set PWA12
Maintenance cable 16385ZZ

CE

Published by Vaisala | B210385EN-E © Vaisala 2017

All rights reserved. Any logos and/or product names are trademarks of Vaisala or its individual partners. Any reproduction, transfer, distribution or storage of information contained in this document is strictly prohibited. All specifications — technical included — are subject to change without notice.

